(c) Energy Demand to the extent of 92.1 per cent was met during 1989-90.

(d) According to the 13th Power Survey, the consumption for power in the industrial, irrigation commercial (including miscellaneous and non-industrial) and domestic consumption by the end of the Eighth Plan will be as detailed below:--

Industrial	Estimated consumption in Million Kwh.
	1994-95
Industrial	162238
Irrigation	54279
Commercial+Misc+Non-Industrial . . .	23339
Domestic	51513

The target for power generation by the end of 8th Plan has not been finalised so far. However, as per the Report of the Working Group on Power for 8th Plan, a capacity addition of 38369 MW has been envisaged in the 8th Plan period comprising 7433.7 MW Hydro, 30230.7 MW thermal including gas, and 705 MW Nuclear. The gross ggneration based on the capacity addition at the end of 8th Plan is expected to be 411586 Gwh; comprising 85545 Gwh Hydro, 315608 Gwh thermal and 10433 Gwh Nuclear.

(e) The various measures being taken to improve the availability of power include expediting commissioning of new generating units, implementation of short gestation projects, improving the performance of existing power stations, reducing T&D losses, implementation of demand management and energy conservation measures and arranging transfer of supply from surplus to deficit areas.

Setting up of a project by M/s. Kerala Special Refractories Ltd. at Peruman in Kerala

2147. SHRI E. BALANANDAN Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) what steps are being taken by the Central Government for giving clearance to M/s. Kerala Special Refractories Limited to set up a project at Peruman near Quilon at an estimated cost of Rs. 69.67 lakhs

(b) whether Kerala Government had brought to the notice of the Central Government the factors that come in the way of the implementation of this project; and

(c) if so, what are the details thereof and what action the Central Government have taken thereon?

THE MINISTER OF INDUSTRY (SHRI AJIT SINGH): (a) A licence for setting up a new undertaking in Quilon District for the manufacture of 12,000 tonnes of special refractories of various types was given to M/s. Kerala Special Refractories Limited (KSRL) in April 1987. The validity of the Industrial Licence has been extended upto 30-4-1991.

(b) and (c) According to the State Government of Kerala, the main factor that comes in the way of implementation is the funding of the project. For this purpose, the Government of Kerala has been requesting for participation of Steel Authority of India Ltd. (SAIL) in the equity of the KSRL. They have however, been informed by the Central Government (Ministry of Steel and Mines) in December 1987 and February 1990 that as there is already excess capacity, market for the proposed products of KSRL will not be adequate and it will, therefore, not be possible for SAIL to participate in the equity of KSRL.